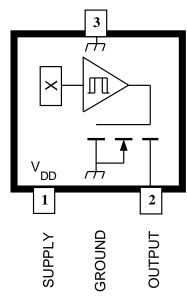
3209 AND 3210

MICROPOWER, ULTRA-SENSITIVE HALL-EFFECT SWITCHES

Package Suffix 'LH' Pinning (SOT23W)



Dwg. PH-016-1 Pinning is shown viewed from branded side.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS at $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$

Supply Voltage, V_{DD} 5 V
Magnetic Flux Density, B Unlimited
Output Off Voltage, V _{OUT} 5 V
Output Current, I _{OUT} 1 mA
Junction Temperature, T _J +170°C
Operating Temperature Range,
T_A 40°C to +85°C
Storage Temperature Range,
T_S 65°C to +170°C

Caution: These CMOS devices have input static protection (Class 3) but are still susceptible to damage if exposed to extremely high static electrical charges. The A3209Ex and A3210Ex integrated circuits are ultra-sensitive, pole independent Hall-effect switches with a latched digital output. They are especially suited for operation in battery-operated, hand-held equipment such as cellular and cordless telephones, pagers, and palmtop computers. 2.5 volt to 3.5 volt operation and a unique clocking scheme to reduce the average operating power requirements – the A3209Ex to 400 μW , the A3210Ex to 25 $\mu W!$ Except for operating duty cycle and average operating current, the A3209Ex and A3210Ex are identical.

Unlike other Hall-effect switches, either a north <u>or</u> south pole of sufficient strength will turn the output on; in the absence of a magnetic field, the output is off. The polarity independence and minimal power requirement allows these devices to easily replace reed switches for superior reliability and ease of manufacturing, while eliminating the requirement for signal conditioning.

Improved stability is made possible through chopper stabilization (dynamic offset cancellation), which reduces the residual offset voltage normally caused by device overmolding, temperature dependencies, and thermal stress.

These devices include on a single silicon chip a Hall-voltage generator, small-signal amplifier, chopper stabilization, a latch, and a MOSFET output. Advanced BiCMOS processing is used to take advantage of low-voltage and low-power requirements, component matching, very low input-offset errors, and small component geometries.

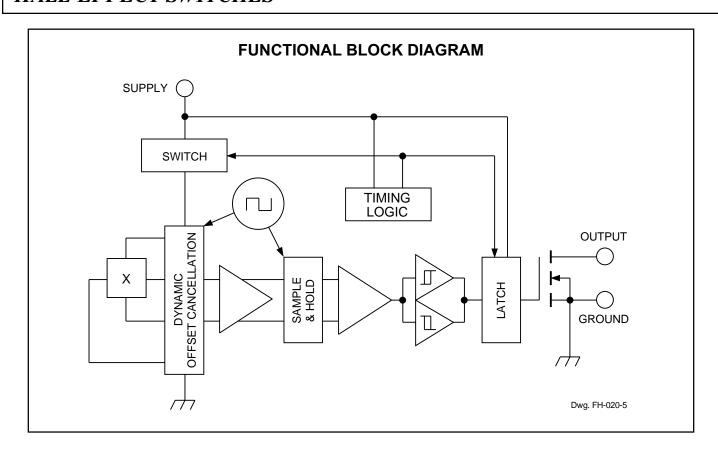
The A3209Ex and A3210Ex are rated for operation over a temperature range of -40°C to +85°C. Two package styles provide a magnetically optimized package for most applications. Suffix 'LH' is a miniature low-profile surface-mount package while suffix 'UA' is a three-lead ultra-mini-SIP for through-hole or surface mounting.

FEATURES

- Micropower Operation
- Operate With North or South Pole
- 2.5 V to 3.5 V Battery Operation
- Chopper Stabilized
 Superior Temperature Stability
 Extremely Low Switch-Point Drift
 Insensitive to Physical Stress
- ESD Protected to 5 kV
- Solid-State Reliability
- Small Size
- Easily Manufacturable With Magnet Pole Independence

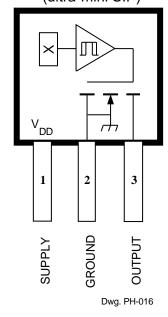
Always order by complete part number: the prefix 'A' + the basic four-digit part number + the suffix 'E' to indicate operating temperature range + a suffix to indicate package style, e.g., [A3210ELH].





800 ALLOWABLE PACKAGE POWER DISSIPATION in MILLIWATTS 700 Suffix "UA" RθJA = 165°C/W 600 500 Suffix "LH" RθJA = 228°C/W 100 20 40 60 100 120 140 160 180 AMBIENT TEMPERATURE in °C Dwg. GH-046-3B

Package Suffix 'UA' Pinning (ultra-mini SIP)



Pinning is shown viewed from branded side.



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS with $C_{BYPASS} = 0.1 \mu F$, over operating voltage and temperature range (unless otherwise specified).

			Limits			
Characteristic	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Supply Voltage Range	V_{DD}	Operating ¹⁾	2.5	2.75	3.5	V
Output Leakage Current	I _{OFF}	V_{OUT} = 3.5 V, B_{RPN} < B < B_{RPS}	_	«1.0	1.0	μА
Output On Voltage	V _{OUT}	I _{OUT} = 1 mA, V _{DD} = 2.5 V	_	105	300	mV
Awake Time	t _{awake}		30	60	90	μs
Period	t _{period}	A3209Ex	240	480	720	μs
		A3210Ex	30	60	90	ms
Duty Cycle	d.c.	A3209Ex	_	12.5	-	%
		A3210Ex	_	0.10	_	%
Chopping Frequency	f _C		_	340	_	kHz
Supply Current	I _{DD(EN)}	Chip awake (enabled)	0.1	_	3.0	mA
$(2.5 \le V_{DD} \le 3.5 \text{ V})$	I _{DD(DIS)}	Chip asleep (disabled)	1.0	10	50	μА
	I _{DD(AVG)}	A3209Ex, V _{DD} = 2.75 V	_	145	425	μΑ
		A3209Ex, V _{DD} = 3.5 V	_	195	425	μА
		A3210Ex, V _{DD} = 2.75 V	_	8.8	25	μА
		A3210Ex, V _{DD} = 3.5 V	-	13	60	μΑ

NOTES: 1. Operate and release points will vary with supply voltage.

- 2. B_{OPx} = operate point (output turns ON); B_{RPx} = release point (output turns OFF). 3. Typical Data is at T_A = +25°C and V_{DD} = 2.75 V and is for design information only.

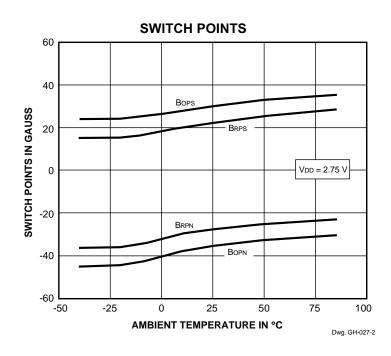
MAGNETIC CHARACTERISTICS with $C_{BYPASS} = 0.1 \mu F$, over operating voltage and temperature range (unless otherwise specified).

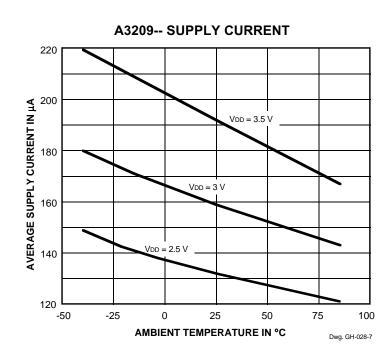
			Limits			
Characteristic	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Operate Points	B _{OPS}	B _{OPS} South pole to branded side		30	60	G
	B _{OPN}	North pole to branded side	-60	-35	_	G
Release Points	B _{RPS}	South pole to branded side	5.0	22	_	G
	B _{RPN}	North pole to branded side	_	-27	-5.0	G
Hysteresis	B _{hys}	B _{OPx} - B _{RPx}	-	7.7	=	G

NOTES: 1. As used here, negative flux densities are defined as less than zero (algebraic convention) and -50 G is less than +10 G.

^{2.} Typical Data is at $T_A = +25$ °C and $V_{DD} = 2.75$ V and is for design information only.

TYPICAL OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS as a function of temperature

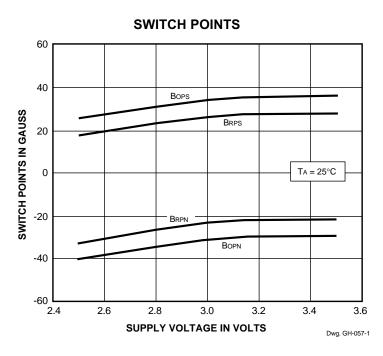


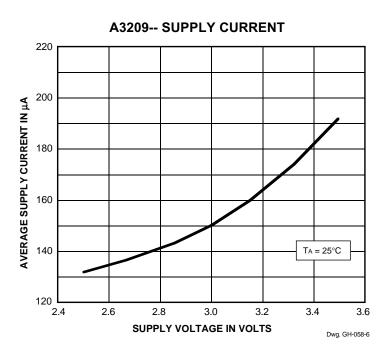


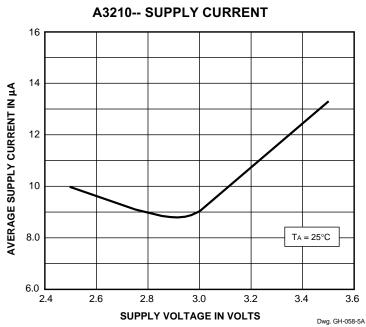
A3210-- SUPPLY CURRENT 16 14 AVERAGE SUPPLY CURRENT IN µA VDD = 3.5 V12 VDD = 2.5 V10 VDD = 3 V 8.0 6.0 -50 -25 25 75 100 **AMBIENT TEMPERATURE IN °C** Dwg. GH-028-6



TYPICAL OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS as a function of supply voltage







3209 AND 3210 MICROPOWER, ULTRA-SENSITIVE HALL-EFFECT SWITCHES

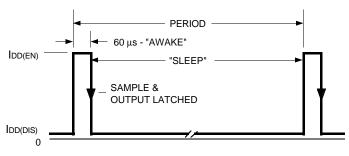
CRITERIA FOR DEVICE QUALIFICATION

All Allegro sensors are subjected to stringent qualification requirements prior to being released to production. To become qualified, except for the destructive ESD tests, no failures are permitted.

Qualification Test	Test Method and Test Conditions	Test Length	Samples	Comments
Biased Humidity (HAST)	T _A = 130°C, RH = 85%	50 hrs	77	$V_{DD} = V_{OUT} = 3 V$
High-Temperature Operating Life (HTOL)	JESD22-A108, T _A = 150°C, T _J ≤ 165°C	408 hrs	77	$V_{DD} = V_{OUT} = 3 V$
Accelerated HTOL	$T_A = 175^{\circ}C, T_J \le 190^{\circ}C$	504 hrs	77	$V_{DD} = V_{OUT} = 3 V$
Autoclave, Unbiased	JESD22-A102, Condition C, $T_A = 121^{\circ}C$, 15 psig	96 hrs	77	
High-Temperature (Bake) Storage Life	MIL-STD-883, Method 1008, T _A = 170°C	1000 hrs	77	
Temperature Cycle	MIL-STD-883, Method 1010, -65°C to +150°C	500 cycles	77	
Latch-Up	_	Pre/Post Reading	6	
Electro-Thermally Induced Gate Leakage	_	Pre/Post Reading	6	
ESD, Human Body Model	CDF-AEC-Q100-002	Pre/Post Reading	3 per test	Test to failure, All leads > 5 kV
ESD, Machine Model	JESD22-A115	Pre/Post Reading	3 per test	Test to failure, All leads > 350 V
Electrical Distributions	Per Specification	_	30	

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

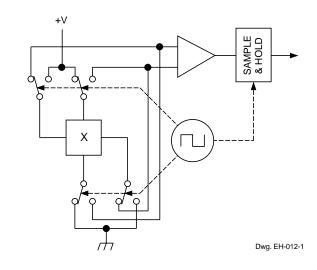
Low Average Power. Internal timing circuitry activates the sensor for $60~\mu s$ and deactivates it for the remainder of the period ($480~\mu s$ for the A3209Ex and 60~ms for the A3210Ex). A short "awake" time allows for stabilization prior to the sensor sampling and data latching on the falling edge of the timing pulse. The output during the "sleep" time is latched in the last sampled state. The supply current is not affected by the output state.

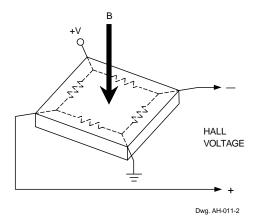


Dwa. WH-017-1

Chopper-Stabilized Technique. The Hall element can be considered as a resistor array similar to a Wheatstone bridge. A large portion of the offset is a result of the mismatching of these resistors. These devices use a proprietary dynamic offset cancellation technique, with an internal high-frequency clock to reduce the residual offset voltage of the Hall element that is normally caused by device overmolding, temperature dependencies, and thermal stress. The chopper-stabilizing technique cancels the mismatching of the resistor circuit by changing the direction of the current flowing through the Hall plate using CMOS switches and Hall voltage measurement taps, while maintaing the Hall-voltage signal that is induced by the external magnetic flux. The signal is then captured by a sample-andhold circuit and further processed using low-offset bipolar circuitry. This technique produces devices that have an extremely stable quiescent Hall output voltage, are immune to thermal stress, and have precise recoverability after temperature cycling. This technique will also slightly degrade the device output repeatability. A relatively high sampling frequency is used in order that faster signals can be processed.

More detailed descriptions of the circuit operation can be found in: Technical Paper STP 97-10, Monolithic Magnetic Hall Sensor Using Dynamic Quadrature Offset Cancellation and Technical Paper STP 99-1, Chopper-Stabilized Amplifiers With A Track-and-Hold Signal Demodulator.

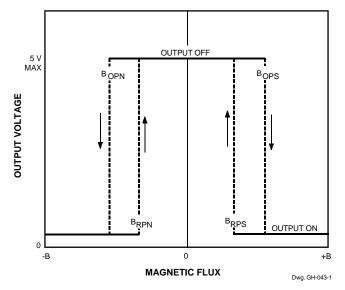




Operation. The output of this device switches low (turns on) when a magnetic field perpendicular to the Hall sensor exceeds the operate point B_{OPS} (or is less than B_{OPN}). After turn-on, the output is capable of sinking up to 1 mA and the output voltage is $V_{OUT(ON)}$. When the magnetic field is reduced below the release point B_{RPS} (or increased above B_{RPN}), the device output switches high (turns off). The difference in the magnetic operate and release points is the hysteresis (B_{hys}) of the device. This built-in hysteresis allows clean switching of the output even in the presence of external mechanical vibration and electrical noise.

As used here, negative flux densities are defined as less than zero (algebraic convention) and -50 G is less than +10 G.

3209 AND 3210 MICROPOWER, ULTRA-SENSITIVE HALL-EFFECT SWITCHES

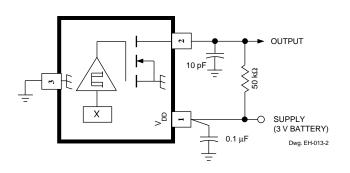


Applications. Allegro's pole-independent sensing technique allows for operation with either a north pole or south pole magnet orientation, enhancing the manufacturability of the device. The state-of-the-art technology provides the same output polarity for either pole face.

It is strongly recommended that an external bypass capacitor be connected (in close proximity to the Hall sensor) between the supply and ground of the device to reduce both external noise and noise generated by the chopper-stabilization technique. This is especially true due to the relatively high impedance of battery supplies.

The simplest form of magnet that will operate these devices is a bar magnet with either pole near the branded surface of the device. Many other methods of operation are possible. Extensive applications information on magnets and Hall-effect sensors is also available in the *Allegro Electronic Data Book* AMS-702 or *Application Note* 27701, or at

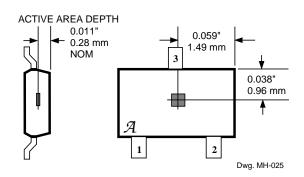
www.allegromicro.com



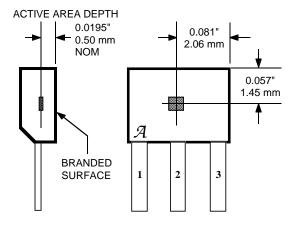
SENSOR LOCATIONS

(±0.005" [0.13 mm] die placement)

Package Designator 'LH'



Package Designators 'UA', UA-LC', and 'UA-TL'



Dwg. MH-011-11A

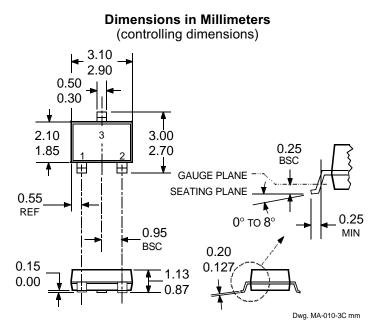
Although sensor location is accurate to three sigma for a particular design, product improvements may result in small changes to sensor location.

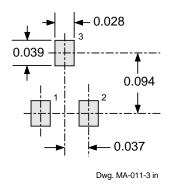


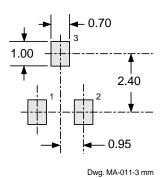
PACKAGE DESIGNATOR 'LH'

(fits SC-74A solder-pad layout)

Dimensions in Inches (for reference only) 0.114 0.020 0.012 0.118 0.083 0.020 0.073 0.106 **GAUGE PLANE SEATING PLANE** 0.022 **REF** 0° to 8° 0.037 **BSC** 0.0079 0.006 0.045 0.000 0.032







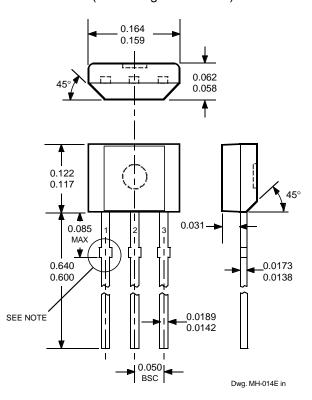
NOTES: 1. Tolerances on package height and width represent allowable mold offsets. Dimensions given are measured at the widest point (parting line).

Dwg. MA-010-3C in

- 2. Exact body and lead configuration at vendor's option within limits shown.
- 3. Height does not include mold gate flash.
- 4. Where no tolerance is specified, dimension is nominal.

PACKAGE DESIGNATOR 'UA'

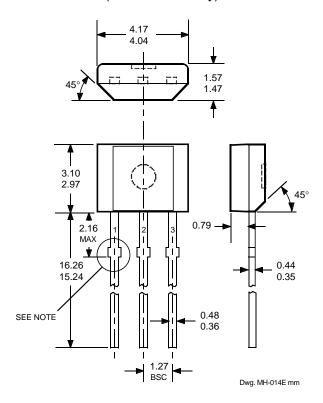
Dimensions in Inches (controlling dimensions)



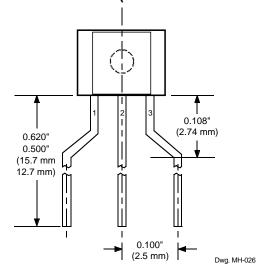
NOTES: 1. Tolerances on package height and width represent allowable mold offsets. Dimensions given are measured at the widest point (parting line).

- 2. Exact body and lead configuration at vendor's option within limits shown.
- 3. Height does not include mold gate flash.
- 4. Recommended minimum PWB hole diameter to clear transition area is 0.035" (0.89 mm).
- 5. Where no tolerance is specified, dimension is nominal.
- 6. Supplied in bulk pack (500 pieces per bag).

Dimensions in Millimeters (for reference only)



Radial Lead Form (order A32xxEUA-LC)



NOTE: Lead-form dimensions are the nominals produced on the forming equipment. No dimensional tolerance is implied or guaranteed for bulk packaging (500 pieces per bag).



3209 AND 3210 MICROPOWER, ULTRA-SENSITIVE HALL-EFFECT SWITCHES

The products described herein are manufactured under one or more of the following U.S. patents: 5,045,920; 5,264,783; 5,442,283; 5,389,889; 5,581,179; 5,517,112; 5,619,137; 5,621,319; 5,650,719; 5,686,894; 5,694,038; 5,729,130; 5,917,320; and other patents pending.

Allegro MicroSystems, Inc. reserves the right to make, from time to time, such departures from the detail specifications as may be required to permit improvements in the performance, reliability, or manufacturability of its products. Before placing an order, the user is cautioned to verify that the information being relied upon is current.

Allegro products are not authorized for use as critical components in life-support appliances, devices, or systems without express written approval.

The information included herein is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, Allegro MicroSystems, Inc. assumes no responsibility for its use; nor for any infringements of patents or other rights of third parties that may result from its use.

HALL-EFFECT SENSORS

UNIPOLAR HALL-EFFECT DIGITAL SWITCHES							
Partial Part Number	Operate Point (G) Over Oper.	Release Point (G) Voltage & Ten	Hysteresis (G) np. Range	Oper. Temp.	Packages	Replaces and Comments	
A3121x A3122x A3123x	220 to 500 260 to 430 230 to 470	80 to 410 120 to 360 160 to 330	60 to 150 70 to 140 70 to 140	E, L E, L E, L	LT, UA LT, UA LT, UA	3019, 3113, 3119	
A3141x A3142x A3143x	30 to 175 115 to 245 205 to 355	10 to 145 60 to 190 150 to 300	20 to 80 30 to 80 30 to 80	E, L E, L E, L	LT, UA LT, UA LT, UA	3040, 3140	
A3144x A3161E A3163E	35 to 450 <160 (Typ 130) <160 (Typ 98)	25 to 430 >30 (Typ 110) >30 (Typ 79)	>20 5 to 80 5 to 40	E, L E E	LT, UA LT, UA LT, UA	3020, 3120 2-wire operation 2-wire	
A3240x A3250x A3251x	<50 (Typ 35) <50 to >350 <50 to >350	>5 (Typ 25) –	Typ 10 5 to 35 5 to 35	E, L J, L J, L	LH, LT, UA UA UA	chopper stabilized programmable, chopper stabilized programmable, chopper stabilized	
A3361E	<125	>40	5 to 30	E	LH, LT, UA	2-wire, chopper stabilized, output normally high 2-wire, chopper stabilized,	
A3362E	<125 MI	>40 CROPOWER ON	5 to 30 INIPOLAR HAL	E . L-EFFEC 1	LH, LT, UA T DIGITAL SV	output normally low	
Partial Part Number	Operate Points (G) Over Oper.	Release Points (G) Voltage & Ten	Hysteresis (G) np. Range	Oper. Temp.	Packages	Average Supply Current (μΑ)	
A3209E A3210E A3212E	>-60, <60 >-60, <60 >-55, <55	<-5, >5 <-5, >5 <-10, >10	Typ 7.7 Typ 7.7 Typ. 8	E E E	LH, UA LH, UA LH, UA	<425 (Typ 145) <60 (Typ 8.8) <10 (Typ 4.2)	